

# Data Evaluation for <sup>19</sup>F, <sup>35</sup>Cl, <sup>37</sup>Cl, <sup>241</sup>Pu, <sup>238</sup>U, and Gd Isotopes

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#### <sup>35</sup>Cl and <sup>37</sup>Cl Resonance Evaluation

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#### Features:

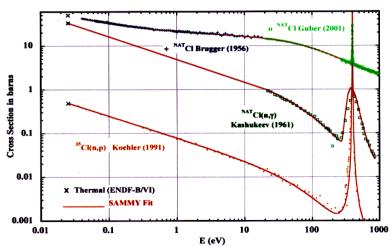
- Total cross section, capture cross section, and (n,p) cross section data measurements were used in the evaluation.
- Evaluation performed up to 1.2 MeV.
- 380 s- and p-wave. 244 for <sup>35</sup>Cl and 136 for <sup>37</sup>Cl.
- SAMMY: Reich-Moore formalism was used.
- Charge particle (n,p) exit channel not accommodated in existing ENDF format: Format modification proposed !!





### Chlorine Cross Section



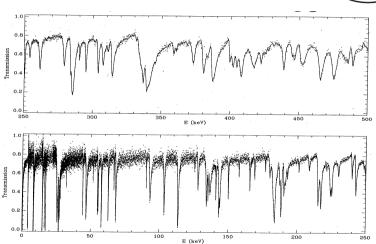






### Chlorine Cross Section



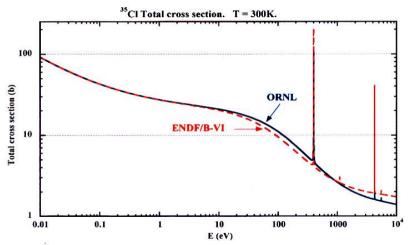






### Comparison with ENDF



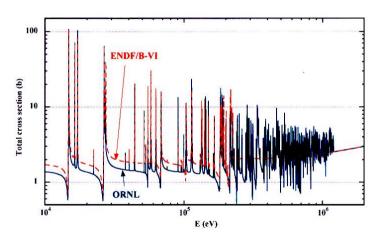






### Comparison with ENDF









### <sup>19</sup>F Evaluation

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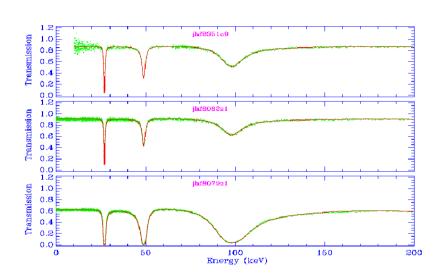
#### **Experimental Data**

- Three Transmission Data Measurements of Larson *et al.* made at ORELA 80 meters flight path with sample thicknesses 0.13093 at/b, 0.016886 at/b, and 0.024184 at/b, respectively in the energy range 5 ev to 20 MeV.
- One Capture measurement done at ORELA 40 meters flight path performed by Guber *et al.* up to 700 KeV;
- Inelastic Cross Section Measurements Performed by Broder *et al.* at Obninsk up to 1 MeV. (Format modification proposed)





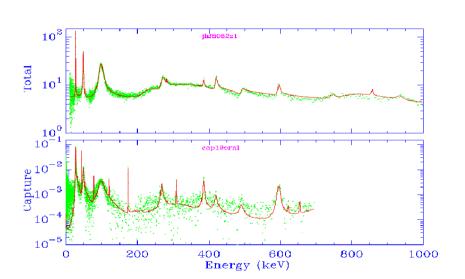
### **Transmission**







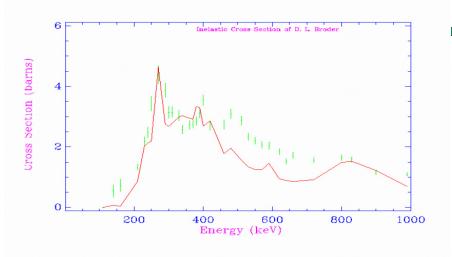
### **Total and Capture Cross Sections**







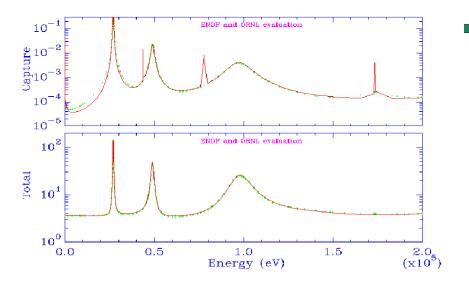
### **Inelastic Cross Sections**







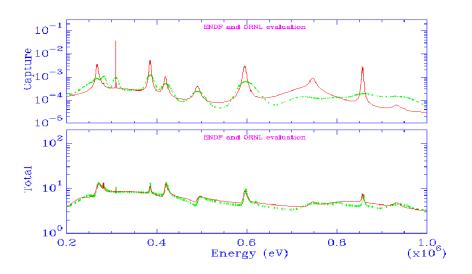
### **Comparison with ENDF evaluation**







### **Comparison with ENDF evaluation**







### **Direct Capture Cross Section for 19F**

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SAMMY allows the fit of the direct capture component of the cross section as suggested by Kerman and Dietrich

Total Capture = resonance component + direct capture component

$$\sigma_{\gamma}^{tot} = \sigma_{\gamma}^{res}(E_n, \Gamma_n, \Gamma_{\gamma}) + C \times \sigma_{\gamma}^{direct}$$



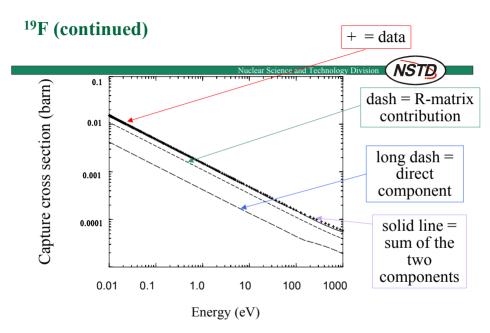




- Model calculations by Goran Arbanas, ORNL
- Analysis by Luiz Leal, ORNL
  - Multiplier initially at 1.0, fitted to 0.547











#### <sup>241</sup>Pu Evaluation

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#### Motivation

- Investigation of the French Post-Irradiation Experiments (PIE) on PWR Indicates Significant Underestimation of the <sup>241</sup>Pu Capture Cross Section;
- Underestimation in the build-up prediction of <sup>243</sup>Am, <sup>244</sup>Cm, and <sup>245</sup>Cm;

The Evaluation was performed in the energy range thermal to 20 eV;

Paper submitted to Nuclear Science and Engineering.





#### <sup>241</sup>Pu Evaluation

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#### **Experimental Data Bank**

- Weston fission and capture data (1976);
- Wagemans fission data (1991);
- Young and Smith total cross section (1968);

All data normalized in the energy range 0.01 eV to 1 eV according to Wagemans fission and Young total cross section.





### **Results**

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E <sub>r</sub> 0.26 eV	meV	n meV	fi meV	neV
1988	32.555	0.04371	-78.04	-0.481
1993	33.350	0.04252	-50.42	25.36
This Work	34.630	0.04367	-42.71	32.06





### **Results**



E <sub>r</sub> 0.0253 eV	Standard (barns)	Present work (barns)
Fission	1012.68 ± 6.58	1012.20
Capture	361.29 ± 4.95	363.0
Scattering	$12.17 \pm 2.62$	11.3
Total	1386.14 ± 8.64	1386.5





### **Results**

(C/E-1 in % using JEF2.2, JENDL3.2, and ORNL evaluation)

		Nuclear Science	ce and Technology Divi	sion (NSTD)
BU (Gwd/t)	26.9	38.4	50.3	59.8
Pu241/U238(JEF2.2)	-6.3 ± 2.3	-5.0 ± 1.8	-3.8 ± 1.6	-3.1 ± 1.6
Pu242/U238(JEF2.2)	-10.5 ± 4.0	-9.7 ± 3.4	-8.8 ± 3.1	-8.6 ± 2.8
Am243/U238(JEF2.2)	$-18.0 \pm 6.2$	-11.6 ± 5.2		$-8.8 \pm 4.4$
Pu241/U238(JENDL3.2)	$-5.4 \pm 2.3$	-3.8 ± 1.8	-2.5 ± 1.6	-1.6 ± 1.6
Pu242/U238(JENDL3.2)	$-9.0 \pm 4.0$	-7.9 ± 3.4	-6.8 ± 3.1	-6.4 ± 2.8
Am243/U238(JENDL3.2)	$-16.6 \pm 6.2$	-9.9 ± 5.2		$-6.8 \pm 4.4$
Pu241/U238(ORNL)	$-5.9 \pm 2.3$	-4.4 ± 1.8	-3.1 ± 1.6	-2.4 ± 1.6
Pu242/U238(ORNL)	$-5.2 \pm 4.0$	-4.3 ± 3.4	-3.2 ± 3.1	-2.9 ± 2.8
Am243/U238(ORNL)	$-12.8 \pm 6.2$	-6.5 ± 5.2		-3.7 ± 4.4





### <sup>238</sup>U Evaluation



- Resonance Analysis done in the Energy Region From 10<sup>-5</sup> eV to 20 keV;
- Two Sets of Resonance Parameters: 0 to 10 keV and 10 keV to 20 keV;
- ENDF/B-VI Resonance Parameters below 10 keV were used for Starting Values;
- Extension of the ENDF/B-VI Resolved Resonance Region from 10 keV up to 20 keV;
- Evaluation done with the Reich-Moore formalism in the code SAMMY;
- High Resolution Data of Harvey et al. and Capture Cross Section Data of DeSaussure were used.
- Accurate Self-Shielding and Multiple Scattering Correction for Capture Data were done with an Improved Version of SAMMY;





### Energy Range 1 keV to 10 keV



- Starting with the ENDF/B-VI Resonance Parameters (Moxon-Sowerby Evaluation);
- Experimental Data Used:
  - Olsen transmission data (1977) (four thicknesses)
  - -Harvey Transmission Data: Three thicknesses: 0.1748, 0.0396, and 0.0125 atoms/b; Data measured at ORELA on the 200 m flight path
  - Capture Data of DeSaussure measured at ORELA on the 40 m flight path





# Results for the evaluation energy region 1 keV to 10 keV



- Modification of the external resonance parameters for accurate description of the transmission data between resonances. The average scattering cross section increases by 2.8 %;
- Scattering Radius of 9.450 fm in agreement with the Olsen ORNL Evaluation;
- Better description of the Capture data. The average capture cross section increases by 3.8 % in the energy range 1 keV to 10 keV;





### Average <sup>238</sup>U Cross Sections (1 keV to 10 keV)

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Energy Range	Captu	Capture (b)		<b>c</b> ( <b>b</b> )
(keV)	ENDF/B-VI	ORNL	ENDF/B-VI	ORNL
1 – 2	1.87	1.94	21.68	22.25
2-3	1.36	1.41	21.57	22.12
3 – 4	1.15	1.20	19.82	20.36
4-5	0.88	0.89	14.79	15.03
5 – 6	0.90	0.90	14.20	14.38
6 – 7	0.87	0.88	16.66	16.37
7 – 8	0.68	0.74	13.79	14.07
8 – 9	0.63	0.65	15.03	15.71
9 – 10	0.65	0.71	13.07	13.89
1 - 10	1.00	1.04	16.73	17.12



### Energy Range 10 keV to 20 keV



- No prior values of the resonance parameters existed;
- Experimental Data Used:
  - Harvey Transmission Data: Three thicknesses: 0.1748, 0.0396, and 0.0125 atoms/b; Data measured at ORELA on the 200 m flight path
  - Capture Data of DeSaussure measured at ORELA on the 40 m flight path





# Results for the evaluation energy region 10 keV to 20 keV



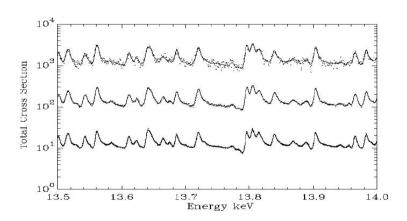
- 457 s-wave resonances and 1228 p-wave resonances obtained with SAMMY analysis of Harvey transmission data and DeSaussure Capture cross section data
- The average capture cross section agrees with the ENDF/B-VI evaluation;
- The average elastic cross section is larger than the ENDF/B-VI evaluation by 3.1 %;





### Effective Total Cross Section from the Transmission Data (upper curve x 100, middle curve x 10)



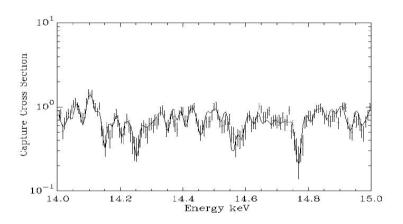






### **Effective Capture Cross Sections**









### Average <sup>238</sup>U Cross Sections (10 keV to 20 keV)

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Energy Range	Capt	ure (b)	Elas	tic (b)
(keV)	ENDF/B-VI	ORNL	ENDF/B-VI	ORNL
10 – 11	0.71	0.68	14.67	14.72
11 – 12	0.68	0.65	14.53	13.91
12 – 13	0.66	0.65	14.40	15.32
13 – 14	0.64	0.72	14.29	14.56
14 – 15	0.62	0.62	14.18	15.54
15 – 16	0.60	0.58	14.09	14.60
16 – 17	0.58	0.58	14.01	13.79
17 – 18	0.57	0.58	13.93	16.25
18 – 19	0.55	0.53	13.86	14.57
19 - 20	0.54	0.52	13.79	12.91
10 - 20	0.615	0.611	14.17	14.62





# Statistical Properties of Resonance Parameters in the Energy Range 10 keV to 20 keV

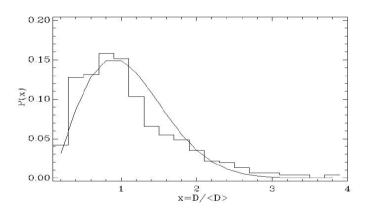
- Number of Resonances used to fit the data are 457 s-wave and 1228 p-wave;
- Below 10 keV ENDF/B evaluation uses 473 s-wave and 1228 p-wave:
- Spin Assignment:
  - -Large resonances are assigned s-wave from their shape;
  - -Small resonances are distributed among 3 families: s-wave, p-wave p1/2 and p3/2 following the 2J+1 spin dependence of the population;





### **Distribution of s-wave Level Spacings**



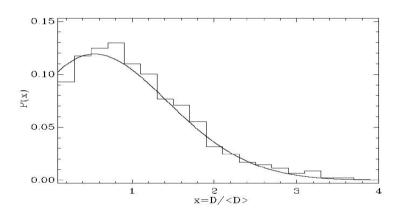






### **Distribution of p-wave Level Spacings**

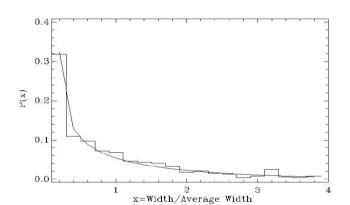








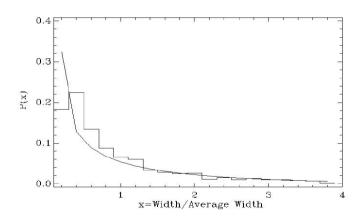
## Porter-Thomas Distribution of s-wave neutron widths







### Porter-Thomas Distribution of p-wave neutron widths







### **Neutron Strength Functions**



ORNL Results	ENDF/B-VI
10 keV to 20 keV	From Thermal to 10 keV
$S_0$	$\mathbf{S}_0$
$(1.120 \pm 0.074) 10^{-4}$	$(0.947 \pm 0.07) \ 10^{-4}$
$S_1$	$S_1$
$(1.693 \pm 0.068) 10^{-4}$	$(1.577 \pm 0.06) \ 10^{-4}$





### Benchmark results using <sup>238</sup>U ORNL Evaluation

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### Thermal benchmark (Leu-Comp-Therm Series)

Thermal Benchmark Experiments Performed at the Tank-type Critical Assembly TCA facility (JAERI, Japan) from 1963 to 1975

### **TCA**

Tank-type Critical Assembly, light water moderated and fueled with low enriched uranium (2.6 wt % of UO<sub>2</sub>) with a size of 1.8m in diameter and 2m long, controlled by reactor core water level. The water to fuel volume ratio ranges from 1.5 to 3.0





### **Benchmark Results**



- Calculations done with MCNP4C code
- Base library used was the ENDF/B-VI release Five
- Calculations done with 1000 histories per cycle with 3000 cycles
- Two sets of results:
  - a) Calculations with MCNP library based on ENDF/B-VI.5
  - b) Calculations with MCNP library based on ENDF/B-VI.5 replacing <sup>238</sup>U evaluation with ORNL evaluation





### **Benchmark Results**



Case	ENDF/B-VI.5	ENDF/B-VI.5 with <sup>238</sup> U ORNL Evaluation
LCT-01	0.99276 ± 0.00043	0.99506 ± 0.00043
LCT-02	0.99359 ± 0.00042	0.99429 ± 0.00043
LCT-03	0.99245 ± 0.00044	0.99568 ± 0.00042
LCT-04	0.99376 ± 0.00042	0.99534 ± 0.00041
LCT-05	0.99383 ± 0.00043	0.99471 ± 0.00042
LCT-06	0.99345 ± 0.00043	0.99654 ± 0.00042
LCT-07	0.99400 ± 0.00042	0.99604 ± 0.00042
LCT-08	0.99358 ± 0.00043	0.99610 ± 0.00043
LCT-09	0.99429 ± 0.00042	0.99582 ± 0.00041
LCT-10	0.99502 ± 0.00042	0.99767 ± 0.00041
LCT-11	0.99535 ± 0.00041	0.99704 ± 0.00041
LCT-12	0.99472 ± 0.00041	0.99619 ± 0.00042
LCT-13	0.99420 ± 0.00042	0.99557 ± 0.00042





### **Benchmark Results**

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Case	ENDF/B-VI.5	ENDF/B-VI.5 with <sup>238</sup> U ORNL Evaluation
Average	0.99392	0.99585
	±	±
	0.00042	0.00042

An improvement of 193 pcm On average!!





### Gd Evaluation <sup>152</sup>Gd, <sup>154</sup>Gd, <sup>155</sup>Gd, <sup>156</sup>Gd, <sup>157</sup>Gd, <sup>158</sup>Gd, and <sup>160</sup>Gd



- Resolved and Unresolved Resonance Evaluations Revised
  - MLBW resonance parameters converted to RM parameters;
  - Unresolved resonance evaluation done with SAMMY: Average SLBW parameters obtained.
  - SAMMY used to reevaluate the RM parameters.
- Resolved and Unresolved Resonance Covariance Evaluation done with SAMMY
  - Uncertainty in the Resonance Parameters reported on "Mughabghab's Book" used as input;
  - "Typical" data uncertainty on "data" were used. Example: ORELA resolution function, TOF uncertainties, channel widths, jitters, etc.
- Use SAMMY Retroactive Scheme to Generate Covariance Data.



